

PRAKTINĖ UŽDUOTIS: ŽODŽIŲ APIBRĖŽIMAI

Mokiniai pateiktą praktinę užduotį atlieka poromis. Lapeliai sukarpomi. Duodama terminai ir atskirai jų apibrėžimai. Pateikiami apibrėžimai iš nagrinėtų ekonomikos dalyko temų anglų kalba. Reikia surasti termino apibrėžimą.

CAPITAL	is man made physical goods used to produce other goods and services.
LABOUR	is the human input (workers, managers etc) into the production process.
NATURAL RECOURCES	is the resources on the planet. It includes space on the ground, hills, seas, oceans, air etc.
FACTORS OF PRODUCTION	are the resources of NATURAL RECOURCES, LABOUR, CAPITAL and ENTERPRISE used to produce goods and services.
PRODUCTION	is the goods and services produced by businesses.
DISTRIBUTION	is the way in which the good or service is delivered to the consumer for purchase.
THE BASIC ECONOMIC PROBLEM	is the problem arises because resources are scarce, but human wants are unlimited.
ECONOMICS	the science about activity when resources are used and needs of people are met.
DEMAND	is the relationship between the quantity of a good or service consumers will purchase and the price charged for that good.
SUPPLY	is the total amount of a good or service available for purchase; along with demand, one of the two key determinants of price.
TOTAL OUTPUT	the value of total production in an economy.