Dialect use in migration and multilingual scenarios: building identities in diaspora

Keywords: dialect use, identity construction, negotiation, multilingualism, language practices, Luxembourg, Gubbio

Terminology and acronyms

- Eugubino dialect = dialect spoken in Gubbio city, Italy
- Eugubinian = adj., a person claiming affiliation with Gubbio
- Content Analysis = CA
- Identity = ID
- Language practices = LPs

Outline

- Aims of the study
- Research questions
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- Methodology
- Data and results
 - → Overall results
- Conclusions
- References

Aims of the study

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- (macro)
 - → To contribute to the existing literature on IDs + LPs
- (micro)
 - → To investigate Eugubinians' IDs and LPs outside of Italy
- → To start a new tradition in studying Italian migrants' IDs and LPs in Luxembourg (sociolinguistics)

• 1a. Are IDs constructed and negotiated through LPs within a Eugubinian community in Luxembourg?

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- 1b. What do Eugubinian migrants in Luxembourg report in self-identification?

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- 1b. What do Eugubinian migrants in Luxembourg report in self-identification?
- 1c. Which LPs Eugubinian migrants in Luxembourg imply in constructing and negotiating their identites?

In a globalized, **poststructuralist**, postmodern world, identity is considered to be <u>fluid</u>, <u>multiple</u>, <u>diverse</u>, <u>dynamic</u>, <u>varied</u>, <u>shifting</u>, <u>subject to change</u> and <u>contradictory</u>. It is regarded to be <u>socially organized</u>, <u>reorganized</u>, <u>constructed</u>, <u>co-constructed</u>, and continually <u>reconstructed</u> through language and discourse. It is <u>unstable</u>, <u>flexible</u>, <u>ongoing</u>, **negotiated**, and <u>multiple</u>.

(Kouhpaeenejad and Gholaminejad 2014: 200)

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 - → A speaker positions his or her *self* when it is contested (e.g., code-switching)

Methodology

- February 2017, Luxembourg and France
- Qualitative case study (6 respondents, 3 M 3 F)
 - → snowball sampling
 - → individual and group-focused semi-structured interviews
 - →audio-taped, transcribed, coded data
- Content Analysis
 - → data are sorted by a categorization matrix

• Gianluigi "Gigi", 68, M, retired

- → feels Eugubinian and Italian
- → constructs his ID starting with his nickname
- → negotiates his ID through Eugubino dialect on the Internet and at home
- → dialect makes him reconnect with his youth
- → "dialect does not have to die out"

• Beatrice, 78, F, retired

- → 59 years in Luxembourg, feeling Eugubinian and Italian
- → she negotiates her Italian and Eugubinian IDs by speaking Italian and Eugubino dialect at home and in public
- → for her, being Eugubinian means being able to speak the dialect and vice versa
- → "it comes out spontaneously many times [speaking the dialect]"

• Daniele, 55, M, self-employed

- → controversy in ID: Eugubinian, Italian, Luxembourger, and European
- → he converges and adapts to the interlocutors, thus positioning as a multilingual speaker
 - → Eugubino with friends, Italian at the workplace
- → it is through language that he constructs his ID
- → "dialect matters a lot to me (...) it is enjoyable"

• Anna, 56, F, school teacher

- → feels Eugubinian, Italian, Luxembourger, and European
- → it is through language (e.g., code-switching) that her ID is negotiated and clear
- → "[Eugubino dialect] is like another language, it has its e ntity, its importance, as the same level than formal Italian"

• Emanuele "Lele", 24, M, school teacher

- → feels Eugubinian, Italian, Luxembourger, European, and Western
- → by speaking and learning languages, he fulfills his *global* ID
- → feels belonging to a country because through languages, he can understand what happens there
- → "dialect is easier to speak than Italian"

• Gaia, 27, F, healtcare assistant

- → feels Italian, Eugubinian
- → tends to absorb dialects, constructs and negotiates her ID with Eugubinian and Italian interlocutors
- → for her, being a community member means understanding and speaking the language variety
- → "[my mother] knows I am speaking with my father or grandmother [because I speak in dialect]"

Overall results

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- one constructs his or her identity as a language speaker, and negotiates it through discourse (see Daniele and Anna)
- identity is strictly connected to the one's ability to understand and reproduce a language (see Lele and Gaia)

Conclusions

- Identities are constructed and negotiated within a community of Eugubinian migrants in Luxembourg
- The respondents are likely to preserve Eugubino dialect across time and space
- Eugubinian migrants in Luxembourg show strong affiliation with Gubbio
- Multilingualism is a benefit and does not interfere with one's self-identification

References

• Kouhpaeenejad, Mohammad Hossein and Razieh Gholaminejad (2014) "Identity and Language Learning from Post-structuralist Perspective". *Journal of Language Teaching and Research* 5/1: 199 – 204.